

Intimations.

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DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,
LIMITED,
CHEMISTS.PURE CONFECTIONERY AND
MEDICATED LOZENGES
OF
PUREST QUALITY.JUJUBES, GLYCERINE, MAGNUM
BONUM, DELECTABLE, VOICE, &c.
LOZENGES AND DROPS.ACID LEMON, BLACK CURRANT, GELATINE,
GINGER, DIGESTIVE PEPPERMINT, ROSE
MUSK, LAVENDER, DIGESTIVE &c.MEDICATED LOZENGES
FOR COUGHS, SORE THROAT, HUSKINESS, &c.PAREGORIC, TANNIN & FRUIT, CUBED &
FRUIT, CAYENNE & FRUIT,
&c., &c., &c.

(Telephone No. 60.)

22, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Hongkong, 28th January, 1889.A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
Established A.D. 1841.FAMILY, DISPENSING, & GENERAL
CHEMISTS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS.Importers and Exporters of MANILA CIGARS,
SEEDSMEN.WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
PATENT MEDICINE PROPRIETORS
and
MANUFACTURERS of AERATED
WATERS.BUSINESS ADDRESSES:
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG.THE SHANGHAI DISPENSARY,
SHANGHAI.THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
TIENTSIN.

THE BOTICA INGLESA, MANILA.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, HANKOW.

THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW.

THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1889.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions,
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not to individual members of the staff.Communications intended for publication must be accompanied
by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for
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be open for the fair discussion of all questions of public interest,
it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not
express any opinion in any way held himself responsible for
opinions thus expressed.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JANUARY 28, 1889.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter.)

THIBET.

LONDON, January 27th.
Mr. Colborne Baker proceeds to Sikkin at
once and thence to Bhamo.(From the Courrier d'Haiphong.)
THE FRENCH SENATE.

PARIS, January 10th.

M. Le Royer has been re-elected President of
the Senate. M. Méline in thanking the
Chamber said that he hoped for the triumph of
Parliamentarism.APPOINTMENTS IN THE FRENCH
ARMY.

January 11th.

The General in command of the 16th Army
Corps has been transferred to the command of
the 14th Corps; General Bousset has been
appointed to the command of the 16th
Corps, and General Coffé to that of the 4th.

TONQUIN AFFAIRS.

January 12th.

The Under-Secretary of State for the Marine
and Colonies has appointed a committee to
enquire into the works in connection with the
military barracks in Tonquin.

THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

January 15th.

The Universal Exhibition in Paris will provide
a pavilion for the Press.

THE EX-KING OF ANNAM.

January 16th.

The ex-King of Annam, Ham-nghi, has arrived
at Algiers, and will reside in the suburbs.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

January 16th.

The electoral period in Paris is full of tran-
quillity.

BULGARIA.

January 17th.

The general situation of Bulgaria is disquieting.

(From Singapore papers.)

THE KING OF HOLLAND.

January 14th.

The condition of the King became worse during
last night.

The King is dying.

January 15th.

The condition of the King remains very serious.
At a Council of Ministers to-day a temporary
regency was discussed.

CENTRAL AFRICA.

LONDON, January 14th.

News has been received from the south of
Victoria Nyanza dated 11th November that King
Mwanga of Uganda has been dethroned by his
revolted Arab body-guard, who attacked and
burned the British and French Missions,
slaughtering many native converts.The Missionaries succeeded in escaping, and
the Arabs have declared Uganda [to be]
Mohametan and that all missionary efforts in
Central Africa must be extirpated.

RUSSIA.

January 15th.

An Imperial ukase has been issued reforming
the rifle and infantry battalions and involving an
increase to the standing army of eighty thousand
men.THE GERMAN EMPEROR ON THE
SITUATION.The Emperor's speech opening the Prussian
Diet stated that relations with Foreign nations,
and the friendly visits he had paid to European
Sovereigns justified the hope that peace would
be preserved.

THE GERMAN POLICY IN AFRICA.

January 17th.

The Colonial debate in the Reichstag was the
occasion of a vigorous attack by the Liberals
upon the Government policy both in West
Africa and Zanzibar.

GERMANY AND THE UNITED STATES.

President Cleveland has sent a strong message
to Congress with reference to German action in
Samoa, and an American war vessel with the
Admiral has been sent to Samoa to protest
against German interference with the natives.

EAST AFRICA.

January 18th.

Zanzibar Arabs have destroyed the German
Mission Station at Tugu and massacred eight
missionaries.[Tugu is a missionary station on the mainland
about fifty miles inland, seventy-five from
Mombassa (an English station) and a hundred
and twenty-five from Bagamoyo. It is to the north
of the island of Zanzibar and of Panga.]

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE U.S.S. Essex left Singapore for New York
on the 17th inst.SOME remarks on the Steam Launch "corner,"
and other interesting matter are unavoidably
held over.MADAME Cora, the illusionist, is now in Shanghai,
and will shortly give a series of performances in
this colony.THE men-of-war dressed ship and fired salutes
yesterday morning in honor of the Emperor of
Germany's birthday.AN informer who snatched a pair of earrings from
a Chinawoman in Queen's Road last week
was committed for trial to-day.WE would remind our readers that Mr. Sangster's
organ recital will take place at St. John's Cathedral
this evening, commencing at 9 o'clock.ON and after the 1st February a French paper,
edited by M. Harmand, will appear in Yokohama.
It will be called the Courrier du Japon.THE returns of the number of visitors to the City
Hall Museum for the week ending Jan. 27th, are:
—Europeans 204, Chinese 1,968; total, 2,172.A VERY large amount of share business, espe-
cially in China Sugars, has been done during
the day, full particulars of which will appear in
our next issue.SPANISH papers report that the Queen Regent
of Spain was recently presented with the in-
signia of the 33rd degree in Masonry by the
Grand Orient of Madrid.THE Acting Postmaster-General's report for
1888 was laid on the table at the Legislative
Council meeting this afternoon. Its length pre-
cludes its publication this evening.THE Hu Pao of the 22nd inst., says that the
Yellow River has, since the closing of the breach
at Cheng-chow, resumed its old north-easterly
course through Shantung to the sea.A REGULAR meeting of the Eothen Mark Lodge
of Hongkong, No. 264, will be held in Free-
masons' Hall, Zetland Street, this evening, at
8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren
are cordially invited.A REWARD of \$100 has been offered by the
Government to any person who will give in-
formation that will lead to the conviction of the
person or persons concerned in the recent willful
damage of the iron railings on the Bowen Road.WE are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Arnold,
Karberg & Co.) that the China Shippers' Mutual
S. N. Co.'s new steamer Onufa, from Glasgow
and Liverpool, left Singapore last night for this
port, and may be expected on or about the 2nd
prox.THE German steamer Europa, laden with
a cargo of Cardiff coals, took fire whilst lying in
the Tanjong Pagar dock on the 18th inst. After
half an hour's work the flames were subdued,
the damage sustained by the vessel being very
trifling.At the half-yearly meeting of the Tokio Tram-
way Company, held on the 14th inst., a dividend
was declared at the rate of 20 per cent. per
annum. The number of passengers carried by
the company during the latter half of 1888 was
3,800,988.THE Consul for France officially notifies that
a flashing light of the first order, showing two
white and two red flashes alternately, was
established at Cape Padaran, on the coast of
Cochin-China, on the 10th inst. This new
beacon, which will be greatly appreciated by
navigators, has a range of 32 miles.THE Courrier d'Haiphong informs us that the
Resident-General and Mme. Rheinart, accom-
panied by the superior Resident, by Mme.
Pareau, Mme. Leluron, M. Bouloche, Captain
Boudouet, Aide-de-Camp to the Governor-
General, arrived at Haiphong on the morning of
the 17th inst., from Hanoi, Phu-Ly, Ninh-Binh
and Nam-dinh. After receiving several persons
on the same day, the Resident-General left the
next morning for Touran and Hue, accompanied
by Mme. Rheinart, M. Bouloche and Capt.
Boudouet.Messrs. Noronha & Co. have sent us a copy of
their race book for the forthcoming meeting of
the Hongkong Jockey Club. It is, as usual,
carefully got up and handsomely bound.West of the Fire Brigade Station the streets are
very New Year. There are about forty thou-
sand stalls piled with Birmingham ware, fruit,
Sui sin fa branches, &c.—it is quite a fair.MR. Yoshida, the lately appointed Japanese
Consul-General at London, arrived here this
afternoon from Yokohama by the P. & O. Co.'s
steamer Verona, on his way to the English
metropolis.THE Shanghai Police Challenge Cup was finally
won on the 23rd inst. by Chief Inspector Cameron
with 62 points. It has been competed for thirty-
seven times, and the absolute winner has held
it five times in all.A SINGAPORE contemporary states that the
Italian steamer Parana, hitherto running to
British North Borneo ports, has been sold at
Manila to the Spanish firm of Aldecoa, who will
in future employ her on the coasting trade in the
Philippine Archipelago.A LONDON contemporary of the 24th ulto. states
that at the instance of Mr. Parnell a sum of
£50 belonging to Mr. Walter and Mr. Wright of
the Times, or either of them, has been arrested
in the hands of Messrs. Robertson and Scott,
advertising agents, Edinburgh.MR. J. J. FRANCIS, Q.C. will deliver a lecture on
"Crown Colonies" at the meeting of the
Hongkong Literary Society to be held at the
City Hall this evening. There are few men so
capable of practically dealing with this subject
as the learned counsel, so that a most valuable
and interesting discourse may confidently be
looked for.The ingenious individual who dropped a few
tons of coal into the Harbour last week, with a
view to subsequently fishing them up again,
was unlucky enough to have in his possession a
small portion of the copper strainers stolen from
the Tylam Tunnel a few months ago. He is
now in the peculiar position of serving six weeks
for one offence and being committed for trial on
the other.A TELEGRAM, received at Singapore from Fremantle,
records the total loss at sea, by fire, of the
British schooner Airle coal-laden from
Muara to Fremantle. The cargo was insured
in the Singapore Insurance Co. for \$2,000. The
Airle was a three-masted schooner of 237 tons,
built in Dundee in 1876 by the Tay Ship Building
Co. and owned by J. M. Ferguson of Fremantle.
Captain Knight had been in command since
1880."You don't know, Jehones," said his editorial
visitor, "what the temptations are that assail a
political journalist. Publishing your modest
little society paper, as you do, you have to deal
with a constituency unlike mine in every respect.
Your manhood is not assailed. No attempt is
made to buy you openly. You, my friend, have
never been approached by any political emissary
who wanted to purchase the support of your
paper outright for \$500 or \$1,000, or some such
paltry sum." "Never!" replied Jehones, with a
wistful, yearning look.It is notified in the Government Gazette that
the following regulation made by the Governor
in Council on the 17th December, 1887, has been
repealed:—Whenever a case of small-pox shall
break out in any house or dwelling, the occupier
or keeper of such house or dwelling, or the
nearest adult relative of the patient, if the said
relative is living in such house or dwelling shall,
on the nature of the case becoming known to
him or them, report the same without delay to
the nearest Police Station, under a penalty
not exceeding one hundred dollars, such penalty
to be recovered as directed by Section 12 of
Ordinance 7 of 1883.The eighth competition for the Hongkong Rifle
Association's monthly handicap Challenge Cup
and a money prize of \$100 took place at Kowloon
on Saturday afternoon. There were fourteen
competitors and the conditions were as usual—
seven shots each at 200 and 500 yards. After a
close finish last month's winner, Mr. C. Ford, 27
points allowed, tied with Mr. Shelton Hooper,
25 points, each totalling 79, and the former,
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not exceeding one hundred dollars, such penalty
to be recovered as directed by Section 12 of
Ordinance 7 of 1883.SAYS our Haiphong contemporary:—A com-
mittee, appointed by the French
Colonial Office to consider the
proposals that may be introduced into the Customs
tariff in force in Indo-China, especially as regards
the importation of those products which do not
exist in France. The committee will be under
the presidency of the Under-Secretary of State,
and will consist of the following members:
Messrs. Boulanger, Cabanes, Isaac, Raymond,
Senators; Etienne, Félix Fauré, Arthur Leroy,
Waddington, Deputies; Diabre, and Pallain,
Councillors of State; Marie, chief of the Bureau
of Commerce and Industry; Louis, Under-
Secretary of commercial affairs; Laurent, In-
specteur of Finance, General Haussmann, Chief Justice
Guy de Ferrière, Consul Kocher, and Coqui,
Inspector of Customs. Messrs. François and
Vasselle, both attached to the Colonial Office,
will be Secretaries, and have a right to vote.
Our contemporary expresses a hope that the
committee will invite the Tonquin merchants
who are now in France to relate their grievances,
with a view to redressing the same.SHORTLY after midnight on Saturday night a
gang of fourteen or fifteen robbers, armed with
swords, revolvers, and clubs, broke into two
houses at Yee Koi Tai and proceeded to clear
out the movables. They got about \$50 worth
of clothes, and some money, and were leaving,
when two Indian constables, P.C. 573, Omar
Din, and P.C. 511, Belaki, heard the hubbub
and ran up. One of the men was just leaving
the second house, No. 40, and they fired at
him, and went in pursuit. They reached the
thieves, and each seized a man, but the rest
made an attack on them, knocked P.C. 511
down, laid his head open in four places with
a sword, and released his prisoner. They then
turned to the other constable, and struck
him with swords. Luckily, in the darkness,
he interposed his prisoner between himself and
his assailants, and the blades fell on the body
of their accomplice, whose left arm was laid open
in numerous places. After this had gone on a
short time they ran away to the boat, and P.C.
573 fired two shots after them. Owing to the
improvement in marksmanship which the police
have made under Major Dempster's system, he
succeeded in hitting somebody, but unluckily it
was an old woman, who was shot in the leg.
The water police and a party for Yaumatei, hear-
ing the firing, went to the place, and removed
the injured people to the Hospital—P.C. 511, the
latterly hurt. Search was also made for the
robbers, but unsuccessfully. Subsequently a
man was arrested with a coat, stolen from one
of the houses, in his possession. He was
remanded to-day. The Indians' will doubtless
receive due recognition of their bravery.ORDINANCE No 23 of 1888, which authorizes in
certain cases a judicial investigation into the
causes of fire, has received the Queen's con-
firmation and allowance.THE Revue Tonkinoise, a new bi-monthly
publication by the Editor of the Courrier
d'Haiphong and commencing on the 15th inst.,
contains a reproduction of Guerlach's letter
addressed to the Sedangs and M. de Mayréna.We hear that the British ship Rock Terrace,
Capt. Atkinson—which was abandoned about the
2nd May last year off Guam in the Marianas
group, in a "sinking" condition, went ashore
on Tarawa, or Cook Island, one of the
Gilbert group, 1 deg. 33 min. and 173 deg. 13 min.
East, about 1,000 miles afterwards. She was
left to be remembered, with all will set, and
only went about 3,000 miles after being deserted.THE Singapore Free Press of the 17th inst.
says:—By the steamship Mennon, which
arrived from Borneo yesterday, there arrived
Captain Moss and Mr. Bezzy, formerly master
and mate of the Sarawak schooner Black
Diamond. The Black Diamond used to run
between Muara (Brooketon) and Singapore
with coal, but her place has now been taken by the
steamer Moorcock purchased by Rajah Brooke
in England, and which will tow out to Singapore
torpedo-boat No. 10 to be stationed here for
harbour defence.THE Marquis de Mores, says the Courrier
d'Haiphong of the 20th inst., has concluded his
first tour of inspection from Langson to Tien-
yen, having been accompanied by Engineer
Thoreland Mr. William. The following is extracted
from a letter written by M. de Mores: "From
Langson to Bin-hy, we found a magnificent coun-
try, pretty hills, good vegetable soil, forests
and the most hospitable people. Rice, sugar, peas,
anise, buckwheat, sugar cane and tobacco were
cultivated. It is preeminently an agricultural coun-
try; the climate is temperate and even cold at this
season. The construction of a railway in such
a district will present no difficulty. From Bin-hy
or Nam-mau we returned to That-Khé and
Cao-phon, and thence to Langson via Na-chau,
following the Song-ki-kong. This river traverses
a very picturesque country. At That-Khé, the
country is very even as far as Phu-coa on the
river Cao-bang. From that point, one can reach
Quang-bi by junk, and return towards Lang-
chon. Phu-coa is about 200 kilometres from
Langson and the sea. In short, the line followed
by the river Cao-bang to the sea is quite
practicable, and the frontier provinces of China
have all assurance of a bright agricultural and
commercial future."OUR Canton correspondent writes:—The long
talked of Bunding scheme was amongst the
concessions granted by the Viceroy before the
boxing of the seals on the 20th inst. It is to be
pushed on at once after the New Year holidays,
and as far as I can gather is to embody a strip
of more or less reclaimed ground from the river
of about 40 feet in width, beginning from the point
to the westward of the Foreign Customs shed and
continuing along the river foreshore for about 3
miles to the Parade Ground outside the East
Gate. A carriage way is to be preserved, the
entire length, and wharves and piers are to
be built at intervals. The titles of frontage
lots are to be looked into, and not inter-
fered with if found in order. Where illegitimate
encroachments have occurred, and these will
be legion, I imagine, the holders are to have
the right to acquire a clean title on fair and
reasonable terms. So say the Mandarins, and
if this will not include some grand "squeeze"
then it will be something to have lived to learn.
What food for lawyers also opens to view in
connection with this matter! No doubt your
Praya's clamour gave the Chinese this grand
idea and they have not been slow to profit by it.
As is usually the case where good "pickings"
are particularly prospective. It will be a
wonderful improvement to the ornamentation
of the city as well as to its benefit. Traffic will
be improved materially, both by land and water.
The celebrated flower-boats are to be removed to
the Honan shore, opposite the old British
Consulate, indeed, to their original location.
Some of the plans have been prepared by a
German employé of the Government but these
are only very primitive affairs. The sites on
the reclaimed land are expected to realize some
£10, 300,000 alone, besides improving the
value of property along the whole southern front
of the river.DETAILS of the recent examination for the Hong-
kong Government Scholarship are given in last
Saturday's Government Gazette. The three
lads who competed were all pupils of the Hong-
kong Public School, and although it cannot be
said that the results of the examination were
of a particularly favorable character, still Mr.
Bateman, the experienced head-master of that
popular institution, has reason to feel gratified.
The following is the—

Grand Total.	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
Maximum.	3	3	3	3	3	3
Latin.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Neometrical.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Euclid.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Algebra.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Arithmetic.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Geography.	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maximum.	3	3	3	3	3	3
English Literature.	5	5	5	5	5	5
English History.	5	5	5	5	5	5
English Composition.	5	5	5	5	5	5
English Grammar.	5	5	5	5	5	5

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that
without showing exceptional brilliancy in any
particular subject—English composition alone
excepted—Master Lobb, the winner of the Schol-
arship, made fair show throughout, exhibiting
the greatest weakness where he ought to have
been strongest, in Arithmetic, in which he only
scored 54 out of a possible 100. Considering
that 59 marks out of a possible 100 were obtained
in Algebra, it is incomprehensible why such a
comparative failure should have been made in
the simpler branch of the same science. Masters
Lammert and Dodd both displayed a general all-
round knowledge, without, however, particularly
distinguishing themselves in any one branch.
Lammert did well in Algebra, whilst Dodd came
out ahead of both his competitors in Arithmetic.
We are not, of course, in a position to judge of
the character and difficulty of the examination
papers, but taking an ordinary standard, the
percentages of the whole of the three competitors
do not strike one as being so high as might have
been expected from specially prepared candi-
dates. At the next examination, if it be hoped
that the competition will be keener and more in-
teresting, the value of the Scholarship, and
that the Government Central School will be
represented.MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE
COUNCIL.A meeting of the Legislative Council was
held this afternoon. There were present:
His Excellency the Governor (Sir William des
Voeux); the Colonial Secretary (Dr. F. Stewart);
Mr. O'Malley, Attorney-General; Mr. H. E.
Woodhouse, Colonial Treasurer; J. H. Stewart-
Lockhart, Registrar-General; Captain W. M.
Deane, Superintendent of Police; Messrs. J.
Bell-Irving, Wong Shing, B. Layton, and Mr.
Seth, Clerk of Councils.The minutes of the previous meeting were
read and confirmed.THE DISTRESS IN NORTH CHINA.
\$10,000 VOTED.His Excellency said:—You are aware that
the extraordinary meeting summoned to-day is
called for a special object. I have prepared a
message on the subject, and as it has not yet
been printed I will read it from my notes.The message was as follows:—
The Governor deems it his duty to draw the
attention of the Council to the terrible famine in
North China, with a view to the consideration
whether some contribution in aid of the sufferers
should not be made from the funds of this
Colony. Similar calamities are unfortunately
only too common among the dense population
of the neighbouring Empire; and sympathy
is apt to be paralysed, or rather its manifesta-
tion checked, by their very magnitude,
and the consequent hopelessness of affording
relief at all proportionate to the enormous
need for it. But if this consideration were
always to have weight, charity
would be confined within exceedingly narrow
limits if not altogether extinguished. And
the only questions really deserving to be
considered, either by Governments or by in-
dividuals, in respect of any particular case of
suffering is (1) whether it is one, in aid of which
some portion of the means at disposal may be
appropriately used, having regard to the many
other objects deserving attention, and (2) whether
in case of aid being afforded there is reasonable
probability of its being properly and usefully
applied.As regards the first question, the position of a
Government differs from that of an individual in
this, that the former is not free to give play to
sympathy and confidence in a comparatively
limited field. For the funds at its disposal
being held as a trust, any application of them
can be properly made only when, proportionately
to its extent, it is beneficial directly or indirectly,
to the contributing taxpayers, or when, though
not materially beneficial to them, it is one which
meets with their general concurrence.After much consideration, the Governor has
arrived at the conclusion that a reasonable
contribution from the funds of the Colony towards
the aid of the sufferers by the present calamity
would fulfil one and probably both of the above
conditions. For such a token of sympathy
would tend to promote and strengthen
those friendly relations with China, which
are so all-important to the prosperity of
Hongkong; while, having regard to the exten-
sive magnitude of the present calamity, on the
one hand, and to the favourable condition of
the Colonial finances on the other, there would
probably be but one opinion in the Colony as to
the expediency of such a contribution, if the
second of the above questions can be answered
satisfactorily viz: that as to the proper applica-
tion of the contributed funds.But happily on this point also there is a
satisfactory reply. The papers which will be
laid on the table show that the local authorities
at Shanghai, in the urgent need of their
countrymen, made an appeal for assistance,
Europeans and Chinese have alike responded to
it, and being drawn together by the bond of
common humanity are working in unison for
the establishment of relief agencies. When more-
over regard is had to the number and names of
those who are taking part in this movement,
there can be no more opening for reasonable
doubt that any aid afforded will be properly
applied than that such aid is urgently required.As to the amount of contribution, the
Governor, all things considered, is of opinion
that it should be at least ten thousand dollars.
He therefore invites the Council to pass a vote for
that amount; he proposes to remit this, or any
other sum which may meet with the approval of the
Council, to H.M.S. Consul-General at Shanghai,
with the request that he and the other
British Consular Officers stationed there will
apportion the fund among the various relief
agencies, without any regard to religious or
denominational prejudices, in such a manner as,
according to their joint discretion, may appear
likely to do most good.As no possible amount of contributions can
afford substantial relief to all, or even to a
large proportion, of the millions who are suffering
from this calamity, the Governor hopes that
the vote which he now proposes will not prove
a check, but a stimulus, to further efforts
on the part of private benevolence for which
the community of Hongkong is so honourable
known; and he trusts that here also, as at
Shanghai, Europeans and Chinese will exert
themselves for an object which appeals alike,
if not equally, to the sympathies of both.He suggested that the question should be
considered by the Finance Committee. It would
be for them to decide whether there would be
sufficient difference on the subject to justify a
postponement until to-morrow. If there was
any probability of unanimity as to the expedi

